

Ladies Dresses & Dress Lengths
Straw Hats Boys, Men, Women
Another Shipment of Mens Ties
Writing Pad & Envelopes .25c
Table Oil Squares .85c
Ladies & Gents Oxfords \$2.95
Corn 2 cans .27c
Peas 2 cans .27c
Tomatoes 3 cans .37c
P & G Soap 9 bars .39c
Loganberry Jam .43c
Aust. Raisins .57c

Acadia Produce Co.

Chinook Beauty Shoppe

Opening June 1st

Marcel.....50 cts.
Reset.....25 cts.
Flnger wave.....25 cts.
Shampoo.....25 cts.

Miss Betty Milligan Prop.

The secret is out. Now we know why Bill Todd has that sprightly walk. He eats his "Sonny Boy" every morning.

The Ladies' Card Club

The Ladies' Card Club met Tuesday evening in the Hotel Parlor, with Mrs. P. Petersen as hostess.

Honors went to Mrs. Peyton and Mrs. Seeger. Mrs. M. L. Chapman will entertain the Club next week.

Honors in cards at the meeting of last week went to Mrs. Chapman and Miss McLean.

Youngstown Sports Day

The Youngstown Sports Day on Monday, May 25th, was considered a success with the weather being perfect for all those interested. The attendance was fairly good and there was an interesting bill of sports. Hanna Cubs won the money defeating Youngstown in the finals. The other two teams contesting were Sheerness and Cando. With six teams entered, the men's softball provided close and exciting games to witness.

The results were as follows: Scotfield 2nd, Youngtown 3rd Chinook Scotfield with a win over Cocus Plains and a bye entered the final. Chinook with a win over Hanna and Youngtown with a win over Cereal entered the semi-final. Youngstown eked out a 6-5 victory over the local team to enter the final against Scotfield pushing over the winning in the last victory. Scotfield team however, proved too strong and Youngtown met defeat.

In the Ladies' softball Youngstown defeated Chinook 18-17 in the final to win 1st Hanna and Cocus Plains met defeat in the first two rounds from the above two teams.

The Youngstown-Chinook game was somewhat wide open and the result was not decided until the last innings when Youngstown hung on to their one run lead.

The Chinook Pupile School team won their game against Youngstown being the only local team to triumph.

The grand dance in the evening was well attended, closing a very successful and entertaining Sports Day.

B R Tea 1 lb pkg .50c
Sunsweet Tenderized Prunes large size 2 lbs .25c
Ginger Snaps 2 lbs .25c
K B Pure Orange Marmalade 4 lb pail .52c
Palmolive Soap 4 bars .19c
Herring in Tomato Sauce 2 tins .25c
Rhubarb 5 lbs .25c
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables in stock.

Chinook Trading Co.

COAL and WOOD

Government Coal Orders Accepted

Jim Aitken

Suggestions for Week End And Sports Day

1 tin Aylmer Red Pums, 1 tin Logan Berries 55 cts.
and 1 tin Lyn Valley Peas all for
Rhubarb 5 lbs .25c
Fresh stock Fancy Biscuits per lb .25c
Aylmer Choice Tomatoes 4 tins .54c
Fly Swatters - Fly Coils
Strichnine, Gopher Poison on hand.

BANNER HARDWARE AND GROCERIES

SPECIAL

Ford power plant complete with gas tank, governor, pulley, radiator, & complete with frame, \$35.00

We have a Good Supply of Tractor Oils and Fuels.

I. H. C. & JOHN DEERE Repairs on hand.

COOLEY BROS.

Horse demand Continues Firm

Tractors may be replacing horses on many Alberta farms this Spring but it is the horses — and hogs — that are being depended upon to keep the machines running and payments met.

That was the peculiar situation pointed out to the Herald today as horse buyers prepared to renew activities after recessing through the seeding season.

In most instances farmers who have disposed of horses are continuing raising the animals for sale in view of strong market demand at correspondingly high prices.

Actually more horses have been exported from the province than in many years with the result that the present supply of animals suitable for farm work is rapidly diminishing. One buyer working out of Calgary reported a car load collected recently required more canvassing than at any time for the past 25 years.

Following the seeding time lull, both eastern and U. S. buyers are preparing again to collect shipments and while prices show no increase from early spring they are still well above last year and range as high as \$130.00 "for any decent kind of farm horse."

A BRITISH PRECEDENT

A tremendous amount of fuss has been made about the cost of the Canadian taxpayers of certain bonuses paid to the Canadian farmers. A lot of adverse country is doing a great deal for her farmers. A survey of what other countries are doing for domestic agriculture shows that Canada on a comparative basis is far behind them. Great Britain alone spends \$100,000,000 a year in direct payments from the public treasury to aid agriculture. Wheat growers in Great Britain get a subsidy of \$35,000,000 most producers \$15,000,000 milk producers \$14,000,000 sugar beets \$15,000,000 and so on with other branches of agriculture.

A silkworm's cocoon may unwind to a length of 600 yards.

THE GREATEST DANGER

The greatest danger to the primary producers is not from the outside—it is from the inside, from their own ranks. Their enemies posing as friends and economic philosophers of the first water will try to use that old-time article, sowing seeds of dissension. It remains with the growers whether they themselves shall succeed or whether they shall transfer this success to those who fatten off the labor of primary producers.—Country Life in B.C.

POSSIBLE SURPLUS OF WHEAT IN U.S.A.

United States may have an exportable wheat surplus this year of 175 million bushels, granted favorable weather conditions and no shifting of wheat land to soil conservation purposes, Agricultural Secretary Wallace stated last week. At the same time he said there was the possibility the carryover July 1, 1937 would be 260 million bushels. It will take continuously favorable weather to provide a crop sufficiently large to fulfill the probabilities Mr. Wallace outlines. Present prospects are for a fair crop of winter wheat and a spring wheat crop much larger than any harvested for a number of years.

FARM-GROWN AND COMMERCIAL FEEDS

During recent years Canadian farmers have confined themselves as far as possible to the use of home-grown feeds principally to avoid a cash outlay. In many cases, however, farm-grown feeds alone lack some of the essentials of well balanced rations, and may be wastefully fed if these essentials are not provided. Proteins, minerals and vitamins are the most commonly needed additions to farm grown feeds.

Recognizing the farmers' purchasing habits and needs, progressive feed manufacturers have catered to the situation by producing feeds specially prepared to supplement and balance farm-grown grains and roughages. In 1935, there were 136 brands of such concentrate mixtures registered under the Feeding Stuffs Act administered by the Seed Branch Department.

The formulas of these mixtures are varied to suit the requirements of different classes of stock. Protein quantity and variety is supplied by meat and fish meals, gluten feed, linseed oil meal, soy bean oil meal and other materials rich in protein. Salt, bone meal ground limestone, potassium iodide, ferrous oxide and other ingredients are frequently included to provide minerals while vitamins are supplied by such materials as cod liver oil, poultry oil and alfalfa meal.



DIXIE burns slowly,
and lasts longer. The
flavour is rich and
mellow—always!

DIXIE
PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

Protection Of Wild Life

Not any too soon, an awakened interest in conservation of wild life and particularly game birds and animals, fur-bearing animals and fish is noted on both sides of the international boundary. This renaissance, if it can be called such, is most timely in view of the probable early extinction of many important and indeed valuable animals and birds if present wasteful methods are to be allowed to continue very much longer.

It is true that governments on both sides of the line have entered into agreements for the protection of some of the best known game birds and a good many regulations have been adopted by state and provincial governments for internal protection of a much wider range of both birds and animals of economic value to mankind, but that alone is not sufficient to ensure perpetuation of a great heritage.

True conservation cannot be attained until the great majority of the farmers in the country and sportsmen in the cities, towns and villages constitute themselves unofficial game guardians and use their utmost endeavors to protect harmless wild life both by example and precept.

Many thousands of men in the prairie provinces are already doing this, but maximum results cannot be achieved until practically everybody is imbued with the necessity of conserving one of the greatest gifts of Nature to humanity.

Both in the United States and Canada lovers of the great outdoors have become thoroughly alarmed at the decimation which has taken place in recent years in the flocks of game birds, both those that inhabit the uplands and those which migrate twice a year from the one country to the other. A similar apprehension at the rapid diminution of herds and flocks of wild game animals is being frequently voiced, and not without justification, in magazines and newspaper articles both north and south of the 49th parallel.

In the United States, where misplaced governmental activities have resulted in large scale destruction of breeding grounds and natural sanctuaries under the name of rehabilitation, sportsmen and conservationists are mounting the advisability of linking up all societies interested in the preservation of wild life in protest to the Federal government and to demand more rigid regulations and restrictions in the interest of fur, feather and hide, not alone for economic reasons but also from the viewpoint of the necessity for preserving the aesthetic features of the countryside.

It is good to note that this awakening desire to conserve the game birds and animals is being extended to include the song birds, for their importance in the balance of Nature is becoming more and more recognized. There was a time when the destruction of song birds was passed over as a matter of little or no moment, except by a few bird lovers.

This apathy towards the wilful destruction of the feathered songsters of woodland and open prairie is fortunately passing and to-day they are generally regarded as friends of man which should be protected. The majority of them it is now more widely recognized are the foes of insect pests which, if left to multiply without let or hindrance, would in a very short space of time render the world uninhabitable.

To-day not only are people generally refraining from killing song birds and are restraining youth from giving vent to a lust to kill, but are taking more active steps to protect their feathered friends from such natural foes as the crow and the magpie.

In all three provinces there are clubs in operation, formed with the destruction of the crow as the objective of the membership. While differences of opinion as to the menace of the crow have been voiced from time to time, the weight of evidence in the indictment of this bird as an adversary of the insectivorous song birds is overwhelming. One witness for the prosecution, Dr. H. G. Carson of Saskatoon found that 53 per cent. of the crow nestlings examined by him on behalf of the Fish and Game League last year had been fed eggs or young birds taken from their nests and that examination of more than 300 crows shot during the season by members of the league showed that 28 per cent. of the adult crows had eaten birds or eggs in the height of the nesting season.

In the light of this evidence the recently announced sweetestakes competition by the Saskatchewan Government aimed at the destruction of crows and magpies is regarded as a distinct forward movement in the program of preservation of songsters and game birds, and apart from the monetary reward offered for killing banded crows will doubtless be heralded with general approval by Nature lovers.

Crossing Wheat With Rye

Experiments in "crossing Chinese wheat and rye to obtain a plant combining hardness of rye and milling qualities of wheat are being conducted by the University of Saskatchewan. Plants obtained from the crossing process are claimed to retain some of the qualities of rye. The cross between the two grains is easily made, but results are not always constant.

Maybe That Kind

"An English motorist who owns one of those small cars which everybody makes jokes about was recounting an experience to a friend. "I had a bit of bad luck coming up from Brighton the other day," he said. "I ran into a trap."

"Is that so?" said his friend.

"Any cheese in it?"

Red has been made the color of the German post service, all mail boxes, trucks, collecting vehicles, and houses used being painted cadmium red.

A piraya, a fish from South America, just placed in the London zoo, likes horse meat.

Mining In Northern Area

Large Development Program For Northwest Territories This Year

As a result of the geological field program carried out by the Department of Mines last year, great activity in prospecting and mining development will be seen in the Northwest Territories during 1936. The Mining Recorders of the Department of the Interior at Camov Bay, on Great Bear Lake, and Port Smith, which lies just north of the Alberta-Northwest Territories boundary, report that while development work has continued on the older or main properties, preparations are being made by numerous interests for the carrying out of an extensive prospecting program this summer.

Prospecting activities will be chiefly centred in the Yellowknife area, also on the north and south shores of the east arm of Great Slave Lake including the islands. At least five major mining companies will have prospecting parties in this field and indications are that many individual parties will also prospect the area. As part of last year's geological field program 10,000 square miles were examined north of the northwest and east arms of Great Slave Lake, and the geological formation of approximately one-third of this area, which forms the southern part of the yellowknife Game Preserve, was found to be favourable prospecting ground for precious metals.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Refreshed

The liver should pour out two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely your food does not digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas builds up your stomach. You get constipated. Bile flows into the body, and you feel sour, sick and the world looks black. A more powerful movement doesn't always get the bile out. You need something to work on the liver as well. It takes those good, old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get the two pounds of bile flowing freely and make you feel like a new man. Carter's Little Liver Pills make the bile flow freely. They do the work of the liver. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills by name! Stubbornly refuse anything else. See.

Prefers Life In Alberta

93-Year-Old Woman Does Not Like California

Although Mrs. H. M. Olsen is 93 years old, she would rather live in her wheat farm near High River in Alberta, operated by one of her sons than live in the fruit-growing lands of Arizona where she once resided, or with her two sons now living in California.

"Grandma" Olsen showed little patience for people living in fruit lands. "What is fruit?" she asked. "It comes and goes, it doesn't last. It is what that is lasting. Wheat—bread to feed the world. I have always been glad I came to Alberta. It grows wheat."

Mrs. Olsen left her native Denmark in 1858, crossed to Salt Lake City immediately after her arrival in New York, and soon after was married to Mr. Olsen. She came to Alberta in 1905.

"I walked every step of the 1,100 miles between Omaha, Nebraska, and Salt Lake City behind a covered wagon," she declared.

Must Be Almost Perfect

Record Of American Cow Something To Marvel At

Honor is being paid to an American cow which has produced 38,600 pounds of milk containing 1,402 pounds of butterfat in one year. Figures have been compiled to show that this is equal to the milk consumption of more than 200 people in one day every day of the year, enough milk and cream to make 88, 880 ice cream cones, and enough butter for eight families every day, provided they are not on relief rations.

Very interesting. This record will be cited as a mark for other cows to shoot at; the sort of cow that every dairy farmer should aspire to have in his herd. Nineteen tons of milk containing more than 3.6 per cent. butterfat! We call it cow-operation!—Stratford Beacon-Herald.

Many Tourists Expected

Peak Of 1929 Looked For By Travel Bureau

Tourist travel into Canada this year would reach the peak established in 1929, D. Leo Dolan, director of the Canadian Travel Bureau, predicted at Ottawa in an address at a banquet of the northern division of the Ancient Mystic Order of Samaritans. "To date we have received practically twice as many inquiries as we had at this time last year," he said. "Most of the inquiries are from United States citizens wishing to visit our country."

New Lifeboat Invented

Can Be Sealed And Has Device For Renewing Air Supply

Victims of future marine catastrophes will find themselves comfortably saved within a sealed, non-sinkable lifeboat, if the invention of a reputable Catalan engineer proves practical.

The new lifeboat that cannot sink is capable of seating 40 to 50 persons. It can be launched from a sinking ship under all weather conditions and in less time than that required to remove the canvas from an ordinary lifeboat.

The inventor is Cosmo Salomo Vila, the engineer who originated life-saving buoys for occupants of submarines. This invention was demonstrated in Madrid before a group of experts, including officials of the Spanish ministry of marine. It is said that naval experts consider adopting the submarine buoy as part of the general equipment of submarines.

Salomo Vila's latest invention, the non-sinkable lifeboat, is a launch 25 to 30 feet in length and capable of being closed so perfectly that neither air nor water can enter. The lifeboat is equipped with a motor and a special device for renewing the supply of fresh air.

The machinery for lowering the lifeboat after it has been occupied has been perfected by the same inventor. According to Salomo Vila and to witnesses who have seen tests made off the coast and near the town of Matara, the lifeboat can be lowered in all kinds of weather and it is absolutely non-sinkable. These reports add that the interior of the vessel remained perfectly dry during violent storms and that the air was renewed without admitting any water.

Takes Over New Post

Earl Of Willingdon Appointed Warden Of Cinque Ports

The Earl of Willingdon has been appointed Warden of Cinque Ports, a position of considerable dignity, carrying comfortable emoluments and residence at Dover Castle.

Lord Willingdon returned from India after five years as viceroy and it was announced the king had conferred a Marquessate on him.

As Warden of Cinque Ports, the former governor-general of Canada succeeds the late Marquess of Reading, himself a former viceroy of India.

The Cinque Ports—originally Hastings, Romney, Hythe, Dover and Sandwich but now including other "ancient towns" of the south coast of England—are a league enjoying a number of ancient privileges.

Indian Building Divided

Lightning recently split a two-story wooden building into two parts from roof to cellar on the Indian reservation at Caughnawaga, Que. Reporting the strange accident, Police Chief John Jocks said the damage was estimated at \$500 but no one was occupying the house at the time.

Last year 832,015 books and newspapers and 8,000 pieces of Braille music were produced by the National Institute for the Blind in Britain.

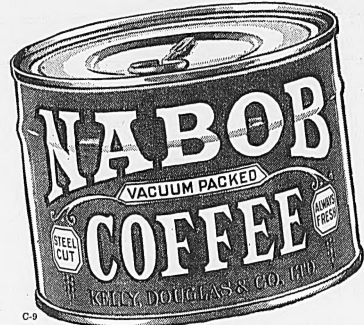
Need Building-Up?

WHEN you feel out of sorts, when you've no appetite, or stomach gives trouble, with gas or dyspepsia, try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If you want to put on healthy flesh—this is the tonic for you. Read what William Hore of 216 Grosvenor Ave., N., Hamilton, Ont., said: "At one time I had no appetite, lost weight and vitality, caught cold easily, and was on top of a cough. I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and the first bottle helped me. It was not long before I had fully recovered and seemed to be stronger and better than ever." Buy now. New size, tabs. 50c, retail \$1.00.



Seeking new uses for French resins products, France is trying resin as a road surfacing material.

In 1930, approximately 1,400 mail coaches left London daily.



Roasted and Packed by KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO. LTD., VANCOUVER, CANADA

Tribute To Famous Poem

English Earl Showed His Appreciation Of Spenser's Work

When Spenser had completed his most famous poem, "Faerie Queene," he took it to the Earl of Southampton, great patron of the poets of that day. The Earl received the manuscript, read a few pages, and then ordered a servant to deliver £20 to be the waiting author.

Reading on, he cried in rapture, "Carry the man another £20."

Proceeding still further into the fascinating work, he ordered still another £20 be delivered.

But at length he lost all patience and exclaimed: "Go turn that fellow out of the house. If I read further I shall be ruined!"—Christian Science Monitor.

SELECTED RECIPES

CHEESE BRANS

- 1½ cups Quaker Natural Bran
- 1 cup Quaker Flour
- ¾ teaspoon baking powder
- ½ teaspoon salt
- 6 tablespoons grated cheese
- 2 tablespoons shortening
- ¼ cup boiling water
- 1 egg
- Little salt for sprinkling

Method: Mix dry ingredients thoroughly. Stir in grated cheese, melt shortening in the boiling water and add. Then add well-beaten egg. Roll very thin, using bran in place of flour. Sprinkle with salt, cut with cookie cutter. Bake in slow oven (not over 300 degrees). Delicious with a cup of tea or as an accompaniment for salad.

Commander Of East Indies

Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander Ramsay Receives Appointment

Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander Ramsay has been appointed commander-in-chief of the East Indies station of the royal navy.

Sir Alexander is the husband of Lady Patricia Ramsay, daughter of the Duke of Connaught and honorary colonel-in-chief of Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry. While in Canada when her father was governor-general Lady Patricia was known as Princess Patricia, but on her marriage in 1919 she was authorized by royal warrant to relinquish the title of princess of Great Britain and Ireland.

Ancient English Home

Putting his domestic clock back 141 years, A. E. Richardson, professor of architecture at London University, is living in a Georgian house at Amphil with nothing more modern in it than in 1795.

Seeking new uses for French resins products, France is trying resin as a road surfacing material.

In 1930, approximately 1,400 mail coaches left London daily.

Thieves Return Stolen Goods

To Keep Police Of Roumanian Town From Losing Jobs

The threat of the Roumanian government to fire the whole police force of the town of Buzau, Roumania, for incapacity broke the hearts of a dangerous gang of burglars. They sent by post to the chief of police a big parcel with stolen goods, accompanied by a letter stating that "We, the thieves of Buzau, do not want the poor police to lose their jobs and shall consequently transfer our activities to other parts of the country. Our principle is 'live and let live'."

The complaint of a member of parliament, M. Mocanu, whose elegant fur coat was stolen in Buzau, caused the ministry of interior to announce that if the coat was not found within 24 hours, the whole police force, including the chief, would be dismissed. Next morning, a huge parcel containing among other things, the fur coat of the member of parliament arrived at police headquarters.

Building Larger Zeppelin

Work has begun at Friedrichshaven on another Zeppelin—bigger and faster than the Hindenburg, which flew across the South Atlantic with 50 passengers and a crew of 40. The new Zeppelin will be almost as long as the ocean liner Queen Mary, will carry 80 passengers, and will average nearly 100 m.p.h. on long journeys.

The first farm plows were made from crooked tree branches and worked entirely by man power.

FREE!
BOOK on BASEBALL!

Every boy and baseball fan will want this up-to-date book, "Baseball—How to Play It," by Frank J. (Shag) Shaughnessy, Manager of the pennant winning Montreal Royals. Pitching, batting, base running—all the fine points of the game are clearly explained and illustrated. Here's how to get it. Simply send in to the address below a "CROWN BRAND" or "LILLY WHITE" Corn Syrup label with your name and address and the words "Baseball Book" plainly written on the back—and your copy will be mailed to you right away.

EDWARDSBURG CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP
THE FAMOUS ENERGY FOOD

THE CANADA STARCH COMPANY Limited
287 Stanley Street, Winnipeg, Man., U.S.A.

Appleford's

Para-Sani

You'll save its modest cost before half the roll is used. That's because this heavy waxed paper keeps left-overs fresh, moist and flavorful. Ask for Appleford's Para-Sani because of the exclusive knife edge cutter on the box.

HEAVY WAXED PAPER

Warehouses at Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

HEAVY WAXED PAPER

ADD IT TO YOUR SHOPPING LIST now

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count line. Legal advertising, 15c per count line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

| | |
|------------|--------|
| 1 Northern | 61 1-2 |
| 2 Northern | 59 1-2 |
| 3 Northern | 55 1-2 |

OATS

| | |
|------------|----|
| 2 C. W. | 21 |
| Ex. 1 Feed | 17 |



CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday May 24th.

Sunday School 10.30 a. m.

Church Service 11.30 a. m.

Come and bring your friends

Rev. J. W. Smiley
Pastor

See me about that Hauling

Long or Short Hauls.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

Printing "News"

is our

Business

Send

Yours In

CLASSIFIED ADS.

"Male Help Wanted"

MEN WANTED for Rawleigh Routes of 800 families around Youngstown. Reliable hustler should start earning \$25 weekly and increase rapidly. Write today.

Rawleigh Dept, WG31-S E
Winnipeg, Canada

PIANO FOR SALE

In good condition cheap for cash.

Apply Advance Office

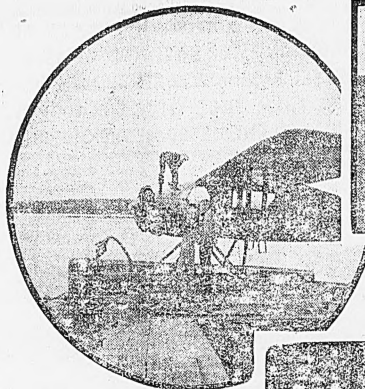
Persons who desire good lawns can have them, but it will require some effort on their part, especially in the early Spring. This is the time, when a little attention may save a considerable amount of work later on. Just as soon as the snow has disappeared and the soil is dry and firm enough to walk on, is the proper time to remove all dead grass by giving the lawn a good raking. This prevents the young shoots from getting smothered and creates the soil around the roots. There need be no fear of pressing down hard on the rake handle; the grass will not be injured by rough treatment.

Early spring is the time also to fix up those bare patches with a little fresh seed. First rake them in thoroughly to a depth of two inches. Then broadcast grass seed evenly, cover very lightly with a sprinkling of sifted soil, pack down firmly, and water frequently with a fine spray.

Kentucky blue grass is the best and most widely adapted grass for lawn purposes, states the Dominion Apologist, Dr. E. L. Kirk. It is used as a base for the most lawn mixtures, because it is very serviceable and long wearing. One of the best grass seed mixtures for lawns consists of four pounds of Kentucky Blue grass and one pound of Colonial bent (brown top). To this may be added one-quarter ounce of white Dutch clover, if a little clover in the lawn is desired. The above mixture is seeded at the rate of three pounds per 1,000 square feet. In order to insure getting dependable clean seed, the purchaser should always insist on Grade 1.

Lawn grass like other living things, must have food if it is to grow normally. This food can be supplied at comparatively small cost and should be applied to the lawn just as soon as the raking and seeding has been done. There are on the market a number of ready mixed fertilizers, practically all of which will produce good results. It is important to apply fertilizer very evenly and at the rates specified on the containers, because satisfactory results cannot be expected by applying one pound where five pounds are recommended and vice versa. As soon as the fertilizer has been applied it should be well watered in, care being taken to use a fine spray so that the seed is not disturbed in the newly seeded areas. On these seeded areas the ground should be kept moist, but not flooded, for about two weeks so that the young plants have a chance to become established.

Cutting should be regular and should start just as soon as the grass is long enough to allow the mower to function properly. It is a mistake to allow the grass to grow over two inches long at any time. When cutting it is advised to use a grass catcher and remove all cuttings. This material does harm by forming a mat around the crowns of the grass plants, thus smothering young shoots, and it also helps weeds to spread, as weed seeds are generally present in the cuttings and if not removed soon become established.

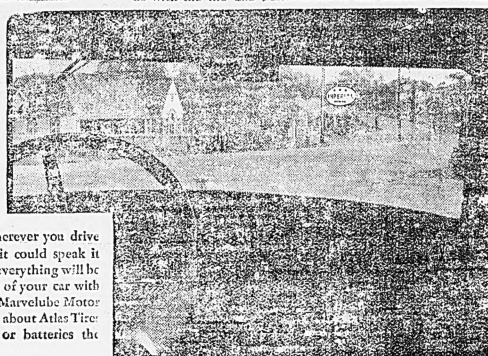


TREASURE HUNTERS . . . When prospectors and miners took to the air, mining in Northern Canada began its greatest development. A-1 pilots, dependable aircraft and quality gasoline and oils make northern flying safe (90 out of every 100 miles flown in Canada are travelled with Imperial Oil products).

HIGHWAY BEACONS . . . Wherever you drive you will see the 3-Star Imperial Sign. If it could speak it would say to you, "I mark a place where everything will be done to serve you well." Get the best out of your car with Imperial Gasoline (3-Star or Esso) and Marvelube Motor Oil. While you are in the station find out about Atlas Tires and Atlas Batteries. If you need tires or batteries the Atlas Brand will save you money.



FARMING IN A BIG WAY . . . Farmers like Imperial Oil products. One Alberta farmer, who for years has used only Marvelube Oil in his tractor, decided that the eight-year-old machine would need new pistons and cylinder sleeves, but when the machine was taken down it needed only new piston rings. "I honestly think your Marvelube has had a great deal to do with the life and performance of this tractor," he wrote.



Miss Zora Fa-tul who has been in Chinook some time ago returned from Saskatoon last week.

Mrs. Stewart sr. went to visit with her son and daughter in law, Mr. and Mrs. R. Stewart on the farm, for a few days.

Mrs. L. Dressel who has been visiting with friends at morrin returned Tuesday.

Miss Ruth Bowd, teacher in the New Bridgen district spent the week end and the holiday at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. V. Youell.

SOMEONE HAS HIS FEET TANGLED

Now the Canadian correspondent of The Northwestern Miller, in discussing figures presented by The Budget on imports of Canadian wheat into Britain in pre-Pool and Pool years, says these figures do not furnish a competent basis for discussion. The figures presented, obtained from the statistical department of the British Board of Trade, showed British imports of Canadian wheat to average 20.77 per cent per annum in the five years prior to the Pool's formation and 32.59 per cent per annum in the years since that event.

The Northwestern Miller correspondent says he referred to the British "mill mix" in his argument. Apparently he accepts the figures of imports as correct. So that the present shape in which this little discussion is in is that the British imported a much greater percentage of Canadian wheat in the years since the pool was formed than in the years prior thereto, but used much less of this same wheat in their "mill mix".

The puzzle is: what did the British do with their wheat?

The regular meeting of the Chinook W. L. will be held on Tuesday, June 2nd, at Mrs. Chapman's home. Mrs. Loney of Eral, will be the speaker of the afternoon.

Misses Hislop and McLean visited with their parents at Alsask over the holiday.

Mr. A. V. Youell visited for a few days with his mother, at Harris, Sask.

Mrs. E. C. Pfeiffer who spent a few days in Calgary last week, returned Friday.

Many of the Chinook residence attended the Sports held at Youngstown, Monday.

Mr. Leonard Bayley, of Lethbridge, spent the week end here visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. Pfeiffer, also with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bayley.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Butt and family, of Hanna, visited over the week end at the home of Mr. Butt's brother, Mr. V. Seeger.

Mr. A. J. Mumford left Tuesday on a motor trip to Regina.

Mrs. Rul y and grand daughter, of Kinderley, visited for a few days at the home of her brother, Mr. W. S. Lee.

Pack Up Your Woollens In an Air-Tight Bag

There is no royal road to combat moths in the household. The basis of control rests in extreme care and cleanliness. Certainly, naphthalene and its cousin with the formidable name, paradichlorobenzene—pronounced dik-lo-ber-zen—are helpful because moths do not like them, but at the same time, unless they are properly used after due precautions have been taken, these chemical substances are as useless as many other popular remedies which include tobacco extracts, dried lavender leaves, cayenne pepper, black pepper, allspice, sal, borax, eucalyptus leaves, and red cedar leaves. The mere sprinkling of evil-smelling substances means little in the way of life of a moth. In the knowledge of how and when to sprinkle lies the justification for extraneous aids. This knowledge may be obtained by reading the circular "Clothes Moths and Methods of Controlling Them," which can be obtained from the Publicity and Extension Branch, Dominion Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

A moth bag does not kill moths but it does stop their entrance from the outside if it is absolutely hole proof and air tight. Winter clothing will soon be put away for the summer, and, less woollens, furs, and other garments are not thoroughly cleaned before being stored. It is only aching for a moth. With a forgotten garment and a nice quiet dark place, the small vermin of the moth will work in edible havoc. All woollen clothes should be washed, dried, carefully unshed, and aired, preferably in the sun, and furs should be aired and thoroughly brushed before being put away in bags or other air-tight containers. If clothes are to be stored in drawers, they should be wrapped in heavy unbroken paper—newspaper or vermin thicknesses will do— and the edges of the paper sealed with gummed-paper strips. Where there is an opening a moth will find it. With regard to carpets and furniture covering, brushing or the constant use of the vacuum cleaner is an effective preventive.

Two species of moths—the webbing clothes moth and the case-making clothes moth—occur in Canada. The webbing species being more common. They are seen in largest numbers in spring and summer, but the winged moths do not feed. During their brief life which varies from a few days to a month, they deposit tiny, oval, pearly-white eggs, sometimes as many as 150 among the hairs or meshes of the material on which the larvae feed later on. The eggs hatch in about a week or ten days, and the young larvae which are very sensitive to light seek protected situations in the folds of upholstered furniture, and commence feeding at once. They may be found in all stages of development throughout the year, their larval life varying from a few weeks to as long as nearly two years prior to pupation and final emergence as winged moths.

Often moths will be found issuing from neglected trunks or forgotten pieces of clothing in attics, basements, and closets and in the collections of lint in floor cracks and behind baseboards. Infestations occur also in the woollen lint and debris that collects in the horizontal portions of cold air shafts connected with hot air furnaces in houses.

Several Chinookites observed the holiday week end by visiting their homes.

Misses Ruth Robison and Irene Shier at their homes, south of town.

Miss Betty Milligan, Cereal, at the home of her parents.

Mrs. Eaglesham has been visiting with friends at Cayley for the past three weeks. Mr. Eaglesham motored to Cayley Saturday, both returning after the holiday.